

System of Systems Complexity Addressed by Practical Adiabatic Quantum Computing

Robert F. Lucas, Dan M. Davis and Daniel P. Burns

Information Sciences Institute and Institute for Creative Technologies
University of Southern California

Systems of systems require more computing power than is currently available. Simulation of environments, weapons systems and individual platforms are required. Thus the Test and Evaluation community has a great need for improved computing capabilities.. Despite approaching the limits of transistor-based CPUs, there remains a general expectation of improved computational performance. Quantum Computing is advanced by many as the next major breakthrough that will satisfy those expectations. The authors report early results of more than three year's experience on an Adiabatic Quantum Annealer at the University of Southern California – Lockheed Martin Quantum Computing Center, located at USC's Information Sciences Institute (ISI). The paper first describes quantum annealing and the theoretical orders of magnitude improvements it may deliver. It then outlines the D-Wave installation at ISI. Using these data as foundations, the potential in the realm of DoD Test and Evaluation is discussed. They discuss a range of the test and evaluation problems that should be amenable to this new technology and forthrightly list a few areas that they believe will not benefit from Quantum Computing.

Key Words: System of Systems; Quantum Computing, Simulated Annealing; and Optimization.

Robert F. Lucas is a Deputy Director of the Information Sciences Institute at the University of Southern California and leads the Computational Sciences Division. He is a Research Associate Professor in the USC Department of Computer Science. At ISI he manages research in computer architectures, VLSI, compilers, and other software tools. Prior to joining ISI, he did tours as the Director of High Performance Computing Research for NERSC, the Deputy Director at DARPA's, and a researcher at the Institute for Defense Analyses. Dr. Lucas earned BS, MS, and PhD degrees in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University.

Dan Davis is a consultant for the Information Sciences Institute, University of Southern California, focusing on large-scale distributed simulations. There, he led the JESPP project for a decade. As Assistant Director of CACR at Caltech, he managed Synthetic Forces Express, introducing HPC to DoD simulations. He was the Chairman of the Coalition of Academic Supercomputing Centers and has taught at the collegiate level. Dan started writing FORTRAN programs in 1971 on Seymour Cray's CDC 6500's. He served in Vietnam as a USMC Cryptologist and retired as a Commander, U.S.N.R. He received B.A. and J.D. degrees from the University of Colorado.

Daniel P. Burns is a lifelong Systems Engineer, first with the Active Duty Navy, then SAIC, and small business. He served as Naval Chair and Professor of Practice in Systems Engineering at the Naval Post-

graduate School (NPS). Captain Burns served as the as the Military Associate Dean and as acting Dean of the Graduate School of Engineering and Applied Sciences at NPS. His research interests center on analyses of both human and resource utilization in

defense efforts. Captain Burns received a BS degree from the U.S. Naval Academy and an MS from the Naval Postgraduate School. He is currently finishing his dissertation for a PhD from Southern Methodist University.