

Enabling Computer Generated Interactive Virtual Humans: New Technologies Address Turing's Challenge

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ABSTRACT

Conversation-like exchanges of information between users and virtual humans generated by computers have been enhanced by both technical advances and societal changes. Now the authors report on several emerging technologies that have changed and will further enhance the “human” qualities of the user/computer interface. Some of these technologies are hardware based and some come from software advances. Many are the result of system engineering advances that make full use of all the aspects of the system to achieve the goals of the designer. On the hardware side, there is the increasing utility of general purpose graphics processing units (GP-GPUs) and the emerging technologies of several threads of quantum computing. Also, the authors consider advances in computation provided by cluster, cloud, and distributed computing. Software advances of note are in the areas of voice recognition, natural language processing, and deep learning. Systems engineering issues are also identified, as these emerging technologies do not stand alone and must be integrated into or replace legacy systems. In each of these cases, the authors discuss theirs and others’ experience with the technologies and explicate both the benefits and the costs of such implementations. They look with practiced eyes on emerging technologies and comment on various possible paths to usability of such advances. The paper is written so as to assist the researcher and the systems implementers in choosing which of the new technologies warrants consideration for inclusion in their own work and which technologies will eventually require adoption, just to stay compatible with other systems. Other technologies of possible interest to DoD professionals are identified which may require more effort in implementation than they would provide utility in practice.

ABOUT THE AUTHORS

Ke-Thia Yao is a research scientist in the Computational Systems and Technology Division of the University of Southern California (USC) Information Sciences Institute (ISI). His primary research interest is in understanding large complex systems and data sets. He teaches data management classes at USC. He is part of the team investigating uses for USC’s 2K Qubit Quantum Annealer. Dr. Yao was one of the leads on the JESPP project where he analyzed the computational and behavioral properties of large-scale simulations. He received his B.S. degree in EECS from UC Berkeley, and his M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in Computer Science from Rutgers University.

Dan M. Davis is a consultant for the Institute for Creative Technologies at USC, focusing on large-scale distributed DoD simulations. He was the Director of the JESPP project at JFCOM for a decade. As the Assistant Director of the Center for Advanced Computing Research at Caltech, he managed Synthetic Forces Express, bringing HPC to DoD simulations. Prior experience includes serving as a Director at the Maui High Performance Computing Center and in industry. As early as 1971, Dan was writing programs in FORTRAN on one of Seymour Cray’s CDC 6500’s. He saw duty in Vietnam as a USMC Cryptologist and retired as a Commander, Cryptologic Specialty, U.S.N.R. He received B.A. and J.D. degrees from the University of Colorado in Boulder.

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